

# STRIKERS IN MAY DAY PARADE ON FIFTH AVENUE

Showers probable to-night or Tuesday. Cooler.

**FINAL**  
EDITION

**The**

**Evening**

**World.**

**FINAL**  
EDITION

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## FIRE OF BRITISH CANNON FORCED LAST IRISH REBELS TO GIVE UP

### WORKERS IN BIG PARADE AFTER 100,000 WALK OUT HERE IN MAY-DAY REVOLT

"Prosperity" Strike Hits Many Industries All Over the Country.

QUIET ALL OVER CITY. Workers March on Fifth Avenue in Two Sections This Afternoon.

Though 100,000 workers were on strike to-day in this city, of whom about 55,000 quit work this morning, all the signs pointed to a settlement of the demands of all except the garment workers and the allied trades. In these industries, affecting about 65,000 workers, both sides are prepared for a prolonged struggle. The strike conditions here reflect those of all the rest of the United States, involving, according to estimates of labor leaders, 2,500,000 workers.

The May Day parade here this afternoon was the biggest ever arranged for by the Socialist Party and its sympathizers. The general disturbance in labor circles brought out thousands of enthusiastic workmen, eager to show their loyalty to their fellows on strike and to celebrate the victories of the marine engineers, the painters, the carpenters, the journeymen tailors, and the bakers, from whom bulletins followed in quick succession during the morning. The parade started in two sections. The first, under the leadership of Louis Gerber, National Secretary of the Socialist party, started from Eighty-fourth Street and Second Avenue at half past 1 o'clock, 7,500 strong. It included nearly thirty floats, many of them those used in the Labor Shakespeare festival last week. The march was to First Avenue, to Sixty-seventh Street, to Fifth Avenue, to Fortieth Street, where a junction was made with the downtown parade, coming from Rutgers Square. Thence the march was to Madison Avenue, to Union Square, where the annual Socialist rally was to begin at half past 4 o'clock.

The second division, comprising

Continued on Second Page.

"WOLF OF WALL STREET" WHO MUST SERVE PRISON TERM OF TWO YEARS.



DAVID LAMAR

5,300,000 SUBSCRIPTIONS TO GERMAN WAR LOAN

BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.), May 1.—Emphasizing the widespread support of the fourth German war loan, a statement was given out to-day, pointing out that 5,300,000 subscriptions were received, as against 1,400,000 subscriptions to the first war loan.

The pupils of 500 high schools subscribed about \$19,000,000, the pupils of 640 boys' schools \$4,000,000 and the pupils of 311 common schools in Berlin \$250,000.

Says Russia Caused World War. BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.), May 1.—Russia's desire to conquer the Balkan peninsula caused the world war, the Turkish Foreign Minister, Said Bey, told a delegation of German Reichstag members in a speech welcoming them to Constantinople.

### LAMAR MUST GO TO JAIL AT LAST; LOSES LONG FIGHT

"Wolf of Wall Street" Will Have to Serve Two Years' Sentence, Court Decides.

CONVICTED OF FRAUD. Represented Himself as Congressman Palmer to Swindle J. P. Morgan.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Supreme Court to-day affirmed the conviction of David Lamar, "Wolf of Wall Street," in the New York Federal Courts on charges of impersonating Representative A. Mitchell Palmer to J. P. Morgan and others, with the intent to defraud.

Lamar is under sentence to serve two years in the penitentiary and to-day's action is the final word in the courts.

The Court through Chief Justice White decided that a Congressman is an officer of the United States within the meaning of the statute against the impersonation of an officer of the United States. That was the main point on which Lamar rested his case. Other points, principally those relating to jurisdiction and legal practice, were decided against him.

Lamar sat in court while Chief Justice White announced the decision. He at once summoned his local counsel to study the printed opinion.

Lamar is under indictment in the Federal Courts of this district for conspiracy to foment strikes in munitions factories. Indicted with him are Congressman Buchanan of Illinois, Frank S. Monett, former Attorney General of Ohio, and others interested in an organization called Labor's National Peace Council. It is charged that Lamar handled the money for this organization.

Lamar came to New York about twenty years ago from Omaha, where, under the name of David H. Lewis, he conducted a stationery store. He went into the underworld of Wall Street and in a few years owned a mansion on Fifth Avenue and was mixed up in several big projects. Eventually it was established that Lamar, as principal or agent, was behind all the big "strike" suits instituted by Peter Power and others designed to embarrass large financial interests.

### DEWEY ON MANILA DAY LAUDED AS STATESMAN

Secretary Daniels Pays Tribute to Admiral on Eighteenth Anniversary of His Victory.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Admiral Dewey to-day is observing the eighteenth anniversary of the Battle of Manila Bay. No plans had been made for any special celebration so far as the hero of the day personally was concerned. As President of the Navy General Board Admiral Dewey was at his desk as usual. A short drive, followed by a family dinner and early retirement was to round out the day.

Secretary Daniels and officers of his advisory council made their annual pilgrimage to Admiral Dewey's office and Mr. Daniels expressed his good wishes.

"For all time," said the Secretary, "history will teach that Dewey, the sailor, was equalled only by Dewey the statesman. You recognized the capacity of the Filipinos, appreciated

### ETHEL LORRAINE DIVORCED FROM RAYMOND BELMONT

Husband Stayed for Weeks in Apartment of Mrs. Bloodgood.

SHAVED ASLEEP IN BED. Hostess, in Scant Attire, Sat on Edge Watching Operation.

After ten minutes' deliberation to-day a jury before Supreme Court Justice Clarke granted a divorce to Ethel Lorraine Belmont, former show girl, from Raymond Belmont, second son of August Belmont, banker and traction magnate. Both young Belmont and his wife, who were in court, received the verdict with smiles.

Otto R. Smith, a barber, was the most surprised man in the courtroom when he learned that "R. L. Bloodgood," the young man whom he had frequently shaved in a modest little apartment at No. 22 West Fifty-ninth Street, was the millionaire's son. It was in that apartment, owned by Mrs. Hattie Bloodgood, a middle aged widow, that the alleged acts of marital misconduct took place. Not only did Smith shave young Belmont, but he massaged Mrs. Bloodgood, and, he testified, was paid for both shave and massage by Mrs. Bloodgood.

After testifying that he had been sent to the apartment by the manager of the Plaza, Smith was asked by Mr. Mooney, Mrs. Belmont's counsel, to look around the court room and see "Mr. Bloodgood." The barber took a long look and then pointed to a short, wiry young man, minus mustache who was sitting in the first row inside the rail. "That's Mr. Bloodgood," he said. "When I got to the apartment I found Mr. Bloodgood in a bathrobe and I shaved him. Mrs. Bloodgood paid my fee. Mrs. Bloodgood was clad in a kimono."

The second time Smith shaved Belmont he found the Bloodgoods together in their apartment. Bloodgood was in bed in a bath robe and the barber shaved him while he slept. "I guess Mrs. Bloodgood had a tender feeling for Mr. Bloodgood for she sat on the edge of the bed and watched me."

"How long was Mr. Bloodgood in the apartment?" asked Mr. Mooney. "Well, I have known him to be there for three weeks at a time," the barber replied. "I have done work for Mrs. Bloodgood on many occasions. The last time I shaved Mr. Bloodgood, I also massaged her."

"And on that occasion how was she clad?" asked Mr. Mooney. "She wore a flimsy pink silk creation, not exactly a kimono, but a good deal like one," was the reply.

As early as October, 1914, Belmont visited the Fifty-ninth Street apartment of Mrs. Bloodgood, according to testimony offered by Thomas Dunn, elevator runner in the house.

The jury was not concerned with the question of adultery. Mrs. Belmont is getting \$100 a month under a separation granted to her a year ago by Justice Gierke.

their love of liberty, but you were careful to enter into no alliance that could embarrass the American government in its future policy.

"Your fellow workers in the upbuilding of a stronger navy wish you many more years of usefulness in the noble profession you adorn."

Admiral Dewey, who is seventy-nine years of age, is in his usual good health.

### MEXICANS FIGHTING AMERICAN TROOPS, REPORT TO FUNSTON

Col. Erwin's Cavalry in Battle, Message to General at El Paso Says.

BORDER PARLEY TO END. U. S. Soldiers to Stay, Despite Demands of Obregon, Washington Announces.

EL PASO, Tex., May 1.—Gen. Funston received an unofficial report this afternoon that a squadron of the Seventh United States Cavalry under Col. Erwin was in a fight with Mexicans. Confirmation and details were unobtainable.

Gen. Frederick Funston announced at noon to-day that only one more conference would be held with the Mexican representatives on the military questions now existing between this country and Mexico. He said it would be brief. Generals Scott and Funston are awaiting a reply from Washington before setting a time for the conference.

Gen. Funston dropped a significant remark when told that three correspondents had returned from the front in Mexico under the impression that there would be no more big events.

"I think they are mistaken," he said.

### U. S. TROOPS TO STAY; FUNSTON ORDERED NOT TO DISCUSS RECALL.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Administration does not intend to heed Gen. Obregon's suggestion for withdrawing American troops from Mexico.

This was learned definitely to-day. New and more elaborate instructions than heretofore given went forward to Gen. Scott following a conference between President Wilson and Secretary of War Baker, and another session between Secretary of State Lansing, Counsellor Polk and Secretary Baker.

These instructions are understood to have emphasized previous orders to Gen. Scott not to treat on the subject of withdrawal. Instead, Scott will lay stress on the need for co-operation once more.

It was officially stated that the troops are not now to be withdrawn. This means the Government is determined to pursue its plans for the breaking up of Villa's bands. Gen. Scott will probably point out to the Carranza War Minister that the de facto government is threatened by factional enemies within its own borders, who would welcome an opportunity to rise against it. If the United States were compelled to go into Mexico in considerable force to make certain the security of its own borders against bandit raids that opportunity might be prevented.

### MRS. KERMIT ROOSEVELT ILL. Is Suffering From Second Attack of Typhoid Fever.

RICHMOND, Va., May 1.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, who left New York Saturday for Colon, was called there by the illness of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt, formerly Miss Belle Wyatt of Richmond, who has typhoid fever, it was learned to-day.

This is the second attack of typhoid when the younger Mrs. Roosevelt has suffered since her marriage.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU, 400 Park Row, N. Y. City, has been notified by the U. S. State Department that all persons traveling abroad should be vaccinated against typhoid fever.

There appears to be no tangible reason for a belief that the situation has altered.

P. J. H. PEARCE, REBEL HEAD OF IRISH REPUBLIC, WOUNDED AND CAPTURED



### LIMIT OF DELAY OF GERMAN REPLY SET FOR SATURDAY

Washington Hints at Gerard's Recall if Berlin Hasn't Acted by That Time.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—A long despatch from Ambassador Gerard, outlining his conference with Kaiser Wilhelm was reported en route to-day. Unofficial despatches from Berlin stating there had been something of a reaction in the optimism apparent there during the last week found reflection here.

The threatened delay in Germany's reply is causing some annoyance, though officials refuse to comment in any way on this phase of the question until word has been received from Gerard as to when the reply will start.

It is deemed unlikely that Germany would trifle with American public opinion to the extent of permitting the anniversary of the Lusitania sinking—next Saturday—to pass without definite avowals of intentions in the present case. At any rate, it is felt certain that President Wilson will not wait longer than Saturday for a reply, and that unless there is early evidence that the note is ready for despatch he will suggest to Gerard that the time is up.

BERLIN, May 1.—Ambassador Gerard will return from his visit to the Kaiser at the battle front this afternoon. Mr. Gerard was the Kaiser's dinner guest at the front, sitting between the Emperor and Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg. The Kaiser is understood to have told Mr. Gerard he wanted no break with America and sincerely desired continuance of friendly relations. The Kaiser and Mr. Gerard held a long conference. It is said the visit was not of the Kaiser's seeking. Mr. Gerard having intimated he desired to see the ruler before an answer was made to the American ultimatum, and an invitation was immediately sent him.

There appears to be no tangible reason for a belief that the situation has altered.

### SMALL BODY OF SINN FEINERS HOLD A DUBLIN FACTORY TILL ITS WALLS WERE BATTERED

Boat Load of Prisoners Hurried to British Jails—1,200 Captured in All—450 Surrendered at Parnell Memorial—200 Dead or Wounded.

### EYE WITNESS DESCRIBES RUIN WROUGHT IN DUBLIN

DUBLIN, May 1.—The last rebel stronghold to be taken was Jacobs's Biscuit Factory, which was surrounded yesterday at noon. Cut off from the centre of the city, the beleaguered insurgents had not heard of the capitulation of their chiefs. They kept up a fusillade from the roofs and windows and finally had to be subdued by a battery of artillery.

Earlier in the day about 450 others of the rank and file had followed the example of their leaders. They marched out of their strongholds under white flags and surrendered at the foot of the Parnell Memorial.

A few irreconcilables continued sniping from roofs of buildings nearby.

Soon afterwards a rebel lieutenant, wearing a heather green uniform and carrying a white flag, came in with a guard of ten men from the adjoining county of Meath to learn the truth about rumors of a general surrender. The party marched off to the Castle and learned from Patrick H. Pearce, who was named Provisional President of the Irish Republic, that the movement had collapsed, and was advised to resist no longer. The lieutenant and his escort then started out to parley with the rebels in the country districts in an effort to induce them to lay down their arms.

Troops were making a systematic canvass of the city, searching every house for arms and ammunition and arresting suspects in houses where rebel uniforms were found.

James Connolly, one of the leaders of the uprising, is said by Government officials to be a prisoner in the Castle. He is suffering from wounds.

A boatload of 250 Sinn Feiners has arrived at Holyhead. They were prisoners taken in the Dublin fighting. There were no wounded among them. Practically all of them were young men and boys. They were immediately put aboard train for prisons in the interior of England.

More than 1,200 rebels have been taken in Dublin and other centres of rebellion. The latest estimates place the total number of dead and wounded in the fighting at about 200 and the property loss at more than \$10,000,000.

### TRANSPORT TORPEDOED OFF SALONICA, IS REPORT

Berlin Gets the News via Zurich From a Greek Newspaper.

BERLIN, May 1.—It is reported from Salonica that a German submarine has torpedoed a large transport.

It is said the transport was torpedoed off Kara Burun, ten miles east of Salonica.

This is the second instance in which a transport is reported to have been torpedoed near Salonica.

This report is contained in a despatch from Zurich, which credits this news to the Greek newspaper Nea Alithia of Salonica.

McAdoo Greeted in Havana. HAVANA, May 1.—William G. McAdoo, United States Secretary of the Treasury, arrived here to-day on board the cruiser Tennessee from his South American trip. He was greeted on board the ship by members of the Cuban Council of Ministers.

McAdoo is expected to visit the President of the Republic, General Estrada, and the Minister of Finance, Sr. Manuel de Céspedes.

FATHER JOHN'S MEDICINE CONTAINS NO ALCOHOL OR DANGEROUS DRUGS. Beware of cheap imitations.

Sackville Street, a rebel stronghold early in the week, was safe for pedestrians to-day and crowds assembled around the ruins of the General Post Office building, shelled by the British and reduced to a pile of blackened debris.

The backbone of the rebellion was broken when James Connolly, "general of the Irish army," was wounded in Liberty Hall. Connolly was struck by a shell from a British gunboat. When Pearce was wounded in the leg, most of his followers surrendered. A large number of the rebels have discarded their uniforms and have escaped capture by mingling in the crowds of civilians.

HAVOC AND DESOLATION IN MANY PARTS OF DUBLIN. A correspondent of the Associated Press visited the entire area of the disturbance to-day. The desolation and destruction showed how severe was the fighting while it lasted. Any effort to describe the ruined centre of the disturbance can give only a general idea of the havoc, which, however, looks more extensive than it actually is, owing to the amount of debris.

Passing down from headquarters near the entrance to Phoenix Park on North Circular Road to the Four Courts district, one found that every window of the Law Courts had been

### IMPORTANT NOTICE TO WORLD READERS

Beginning on Wednesday next, The Evening World will be entirely non-returnable to newsdealers. Readers desiring to be certain of receiving The Evening World should place a regular order with their newsdealers.

The same rule will apply to the Sunday World next Sunday and thereafter.

THE WORLD